

USER'S MANUAL

MODEL: 3473-50

MODEL: 3473-70

150MM ELECTROMAGNET

Date Sold:	
Serial number:	

PROPRIETARY

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DRAWINGS

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Drawing 11801281 3473-50 Electromagnet General Assembly
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Drawing 11801282 3473-70 Electromagnet General Assembly

Drawing 11900710 3473-50/P62-4050A Electromagnet Electrical Assembly

Drawing 13900210 3473-50/P62-4050A Electromagnet Electrical Wiring

Drawing 11900700 3473-70/P63-60110A Electromagnet Electrical Assembly Drawing 13900200 3473-70/P63-60110A Electromagnet Electrical Wiring

Drawing 11900220 3473-70/DF858 Electromagnet Electrical Assembly

Drawing 13900100 3473-70/DF858 Electromagnet Electrical Wiring

Drawing 11900230 3473-50/BOP20-40 Electromagnet Electrical Assembly

Drawing 13900080 3473-50/BOP20-40 Electromagnet Electrical Wiring

Drawing 13900090 3473-50/BOP20-20/20-20 Power Supply Electrical Wiring

Drawing 11900110 Electromagnet Assembly Sequence to Rolling/Rotating Base

Drawing 11803230 Electromagnet Assembly to Rolling/Rotating Base (45° Mtg)

Drawing 11803200 Electromagnet Assembly to Rolling Base (45° Mtg)

Drawing 11803210 Electromagnet Assembly to Rotating Base (45° Mtg)

Drawing 11900090 Electromagnet Assembly to Rolling/Rotating Base (Horz Mtg)

Drawing 11900080 Electromagnet Assembly to Rolling Base (Horz Mtg)

Drawing 11900100 Electromagnet Assembly to Rotating Base (Horz Mtg)

Drawing 11803430 Electromagnet Rolling/Rotating Base Assembly

Drawing 11803170 Electromagnet Rolling Base Assembly

Drawing 11802090 Electromagnet Rotating Base Assembly

Drawing 11803250 Electromagnet Assembly to Vertical Mount

Drawing 11900070 Electromagnet Assembly to Horizontal Mount

Drawing 17803180 Electromagnet Vertical Mount Bracket

Drawing 17900170 Electromagnet Horizontal Mount Bracket

Drawing 17800520 Electromagnet 45 Degree Mount Bracket

Drawing 18900020 Electromagnet Tool Kit

Drawing 17801350 Pole Cap (150, 100, 75, 50, 25mm)

Drawing 18800361 Shipping Crate Assembly

Drawing 18800410 Packing Box Pole Cap Pair

Section 1 SPECIFICATIONS Table 1. Model 3473-50 Specifications

Pole Diameter: 150mm (6 inch)

Pole Gap: 0 - 127mm (0 to 5 inch)

Standard Pole Caps: 150mm (6 inch) cylindrical

100mm (4 inch) tapered 75mm (3 inch) tapered 50mm (2 inch) tapered 25mm (1 inch) tapered

Coils (series connection)

coil resistance (20°C)0.72 Ohmmax resistance (hot)*0.87 Ohmmax power (air)20A/17V (0.5kW)max power (water)50A/44V (2.2kW)

Self Inductance

Water Cooling (18°C) 3 liters/m (0.8 US gpm) 0.8 bar (12 psid)

Overtemperature Interlock Elmwood 3450G thermostat part number

3450G 611-1 L50C 89/16 mounted on each coil and wired in series. Contact rating 120Vac,0.5A.

Closed below 50°C.

Water Flow Interlock Imo/Gems flow switch part number FS927

Part No.70823 mounted on outlet side of water circuit. Contact rating 0.17A/120Vac (non inductive).

Set to open at a flow of less than 2.5 l/min (0.7 USgpm)

Dimensions Drawing 11801281

686mm W x 405mm D x 570mm H

(27.0 inch W x 16.0 inch D x 22.4 inch H)

Weight 600 kg (1320 lb)

*CAUTION - The value of maximum coil resistance given should not be exceeded. At this resistance the coils are at maximum safe temperature for continuous operation.

Section 1 SPECIFICATIONS

Table 1. Model 3473-70 Specifications

Pole Diameter 150mm (6 inch)

Pole Gap 0 - 96mm (0 to 3.8 inch)

Standard Pole Caps 150mm (6 inch) cylindrical

100mm (4 inch) tapered 75mm (3 inch) tapered 50mm (2 inch) tapered 25mm (1 inch) tapered

Coils (series connection)

coil resistance (20°C)0.72 Ohmmax resistance (hot)*0.87 Ohmmax power (air)20A/17V (0.5kW)max power (water)70A/59V (4.1kW)

Self Inductance

Water Cooling (18°C) 6 liters/m (1.6 US gpm) 2.0 bar (30 psid)

Overtemperature Interlock Elmwood 3450G thermostat part number

3450G 611-1 L50C 89/16 mounted on each coil and wired in series. Contact rating 120Vac,0.5A.

Closed below 50°C.

Water Flow Interlock Imo/Gems flow switch part number FS927

Part No.70825 mounted on outlet side of water circuit. Contact rating 0.17A/120Vac (non inductive).

Set to open at a flow of less than 4 l/min (1.1 USgpm).

Dimensions Drawing 11801282

686mm W x 405mm D x 570mm H

(27.0 inch W x 16.0 inch D x 22.4 inch H)

Weight 610 kg (1340 lb.)

*CAUTION - The value of maximum coil resistance given should not be exceeded. At this resistance the coils are at maximum safe temperature for continuous operation.

Section 1 SPECIFICATIONS

Table 2. Model 3473-50/3473-70 Electrical and Water Connections

DC Current (as seen from the rear refer to Drawing 11801281/2)

Right hand terminal: Negative Left hand terminal: Positive

Ground

An M6 screw (Item 40 on drawing 11801281/2) is provided near the Interlock Block connections to enable the magnet frame to be grounded according to local safety regulations. It is normally appropriate to connect the magnet frame to the power supply ground.

Interlocks (refer to Drawing 11801281/2)

- 1 Water flow
- 2 Water flow
- 3 Temperature
- 4 Temperature
- 5 No connection
- 6 No connection
- 7 Signal ground
- 8 Spare (No connection)

Water (refer to Drawing 11801281/2)

Outlet: ¼ inch NPT Inlet: ¼ inch NPT

(mating couplings for ¼ inch hose provided)

CAUTION - Ensure that the high current connections are tight. Loose connections may lead to oxidation and overheating. The field stability may be degraded and the current terminations damaged.

WARNINGS

REFER TO WARNINGS BELOW BEFORE OPERATING ELECTROMAGNET

1 Personnel Safety

In operation the magnet fringing field is in excess of 0.5mT (5G). This can cause malfunctioning of heart pacemakers and other medical implants. We recommend that the fringing field should be mapped and warning signs be placed outside the 0.5mT (5G) contour. Entry to this region should be restricted to qualified personnel

2 Ferromagnetic Objects

During operation the magnet exerts strong magnetic attraction towards ferromagnetic objects in the near vicinity of its pole gap or coils. Loose objects can be accelerated to sufficient velocity to cause severe personnel injury or damage to the coils or precision pole faces if struck. Keep ferromagnetic tools clear!

3 Arcing

This magnet stores considerable energy in its field during operation. Do not disconnect any current lead while under load or the magnetic field energy will be discharged across the interruption causing hazardous arcing.

4 Coil Hot Resistance

Do not exceed the maximum coil hot resistance given in the specifications or coil overheating and possible damage may occur.

5 Interlocks

These should *always* be connected if the magnet is operated unattended, to avoid the possibility of coil overheating caused by excessive power dissipation or inadequate cooling.

6 Watches, Credit Cards, and Magnetic Disks

Do not move magnetically sensitive items into the close vicinity of the magnet. Even some antimagnetic watches can be damaged when placed in close proximity to the pole gaps during operation. Credit cards, and magnetic disks are affected by magnetic fields as low as 0.5mT (5G). Depending on the previous operating field and the pole gap, the remanent field in the gap can be in excess of 50G (5mT) with the magnet power supply off or disconnected.

INSTALLATION

Caution: This is a heavy system. All movement, lifting and installation of the 3473 Electromagnet must be under the supervision of an experienced person to prevent the possibility of serious injury or damage to the Electromagnet and associated equipment.

Unpacking Instructions and Damage Inspection

To unpack the electromagnet please use the following procedure (Refer to Drawing 18800361).

- 1. First remove all of the "Hex Head Screws" located at the lower edge of all the side panels of the "Crate Top Cover".
- 2. Gently rock the "Crate Top Cover" to work it loose from the shipping crate base.
- 3. Use one person on each side of the shipping crate grip the side panels of the Crate Top Cover. Lift "Crate Top Cover" high enough to clear top of electromagnet, walk cover sideways to clear area and place on floor.
- 4. Inspect the magnet to ensure that no damage has occurred to the magnet in shipment. If damage is evident report the damage in detail to the shipper for claim and simultaneously notify GMW in case assessment of the damage must be made. If no damage is found proceed with magnet unpacking and installation.
- 5. Remove the M16 Hex Bolts that secure the magnet to the steel shipping angle brackets.
- 6. Remove the hex lag bolts that secure the steel "shipping angle brackets" to shipping crate base, and remove shipping angle brackets.
- 7. Install M16 lifting eye and washer to top of magnet yoke, screw down firmly.
- 8. The magnet is now prepared for final installation, follow the appropriate following procedure to install to 45°, vertical or direct mounting.

Direct Mounting

- 1. With suitable lifting equipment (e.g. 900kg (2000 lb.) minimum safe lifting rating), lift magnet 50mm (2") clear of shipping crate base.
- 2. Slide shipping crate base clear.
- 3. Lower magnet to 50mm (2") above floor.
- 4. Move magnet to final location and secure using the steel shipping angle brackets. The brackets can be modified to suit installation space needs.

5.

Rolling or Rolling/Rotating Base Mounting (refer to Drawing 11900110)

Caution do not attempt to move magnet and rolling base or rolling/rotating base until the magnet has been firmly bolted down to the base (refer to figure 6).

- 1. To mount on rolling base or rolling/rotating base lift magnet from BOTH FRONT EYEBOLTS high enough to clear top of base (refer to figure 5).
- 2. Slide rolling base or rolling/rotating base underneath, lower magnet to 12mm (0.5") above base top surface (refer to figure 5).
- 3. Position rolling base or rolling/rotating base so the tapped hole in the base are aligned with the 45° mounting bracket hole (refer to figure 5).
- 4. Lower magnet onto rolling base or rolling/rotating base assembly (refer to figure 5).
- 5. Secure magnet and 45° mounting assembly to rolling base or rolling/rotating base with M16 x 25 long Hex Head Bolts (refer to figure 6).
- 6. Move magnet and rolling base or rolling/rotating base to desired location.

Continued....

INSTALLATION

Rolling or Rolling/Rotating Base Mounting (continued)

- 7. Screw down the four support legs located on each corner of the rolling or rolling/rotating base until the wheels clear the floor by 6mm (.25").
- 8. Secure the support legs with the locknut.
- 9. Secure rolling/rotating base to an adequate concrete floor to prevent movement and possible injury to personnel during an earthquake.

Pole Cap Selection and Installation (Refer to drawing 11801291/2)

Using the field uniformity and induction curves determine the most desirable pole cap; cylindrical or tapered. in general:

If a uniform field is required use a cylindrical cap.

If a high field is required use a tapered cap.

Pole cap removal (refer to drawing 11801281/2)

- 1. Turn off the power supply
- 2. Draw pole caps about 20mm into the pole sleeves.
- 3. Loosen the axial draw stud nut (item 35 on drawing 11801281/2).
- 4. Insert the hex key wrench into the end of the draw stud (item 6 on drawing 11801281/2).
- 5. Remove draw stud (item 6 on drawing 118801281/2) while supporting the pole cap.

Pole cap fitting.

- 1. Ensure the pole caps, pole cores, and pole sleeves are clean and free from debris.
- 2. Reverse the above pole cap removal sequence.

Electrical Circuit

Never connect or remove cables from the magnet with the power supply connected. The stored energy in the magnet can cause arcing resulting in severe injury equipment damage.

The magnet has two coils which are connected in series, (11801281/2). Refer to drawing. The power supply cables should be connected directly to the dc current terminals marked + and -. Recommended current cable for the 3473-50 is stranded copper of 16mm² cross section (4 AWG). For the 3473-50 the cable size should be increased to 25mm² cross section (3 AWG).

Because the magnet stores a significant amount of energy in its magnetic field, special care should be taken to insure that the current terminations are secure and cannot work loose in operation. Local heating at the terminations can cause rapid oxidation leading to a high contact resistance and high power dissipation at the terminals. If left unattended this can cause enough local heating to damage the terminals and the coils.

INSTALLATION

The 3473 Interlocks

The Model 3473-50 uses two thermostats, Elmwood 3450G Part Number 3450G611-1 L50C 89/16. They are wired in series and terminated in positions 3 and 4 on the Interlock Terminal block. The thermostats are normally closed, opening when the coil central cooling plate temperature exceeds 50° C +/3°C. The 3473-70 uses six thermostats. The flow switch is connected to terminals 1 and 2. The contacts are normally open, closing when the water flow exceeds approximate 2.51/min. for the 3473-50 and 4.01/min for the 3473-70.

Cooling

The Model 3473 can be operated to an average coil temperature of 70° C. Assuming an ambient environment temperature of 20° C and a temperature coefficient of resistivity for copper of $0.0039/^{\circ}$ C, the hot resistance of the coil should not exceed 20% more than the ambient temperature "cold" resistance. The coil thermostats will open when any coil cooling plate temperature exceeds approximately 50° C. Clean, cool (16° C - 20° C) water at 3 l/min at 0.8 bar (12° psid) should be used to cool the 3473-50 magnet, and clean, cool (16° C - 20° C) water at 6 l/min at 2.0 bar (30° psid) for the 3473-70.

The cooling copper tubes are electrically isolated from the coils to avoid electrochemical corrosion. A 50 micron filter should be placed before the input to the magnet to trap particulates and avoid unreliable operation of the water flow switch interlock.

For continuous operation of the magnet it may be appropriate to use a recirculating chiller to reduce water and drainage costs. The chiller capacity will depend on whether cooling is required for the magnet alone or magnet and power supply. For the Model 3473-50 Electromagnet alone a suitable chiller is the Bay Voltex Model: RRS-0850 for the Model 3473-70 alone use the Bay Voltex Model: RRS-1650. Use distilled or deionized water with a biocide to prevent bacterial growth and corrosion. Do not use corrosion inhibitors in high quality electrical systems since the water conductivity is increased which can result in increased leakage currents and electrochemical corrosion.

At currents of approximately 20A and below the Model 3473 can be operated safely without water cooling. However the coil temperature will vary with the power dissipation. This results in dimensional and permeability changes of the magnet yoke and air cooling is not suitable when high field stability is required.

Freon, oil, ethylene glycol or other cooling mediums can be used. The flow required will be approximately inversely proportional to their specific heats. An experimental determination of the flow and pressure required will be necessary.

Avoid cooling the magnet below the dew point of the ambient air. Condensation may cause electrical shorts and corrosion.

During operation the resistance can be checked using a voltmeter across each coil. The voltage will rise to a constant value once thermal equilibrium has been reached. If it is desired to save water, the flow can be reduced until the hot resistance is approached. NOTE: This adjustment must be made slowly enough to allow for the thermal inertia of the coils.

OPERATION

General

The magnet operates as a conventional electromagnet.

- 1. Adjust the poles to the desired gap with the poles approximately symmetrical about the center magnet line. To reduce mechanical backlash when the magnetic field is applied, it is best to set the poles by increasing the gap.
- 2. Adjust the cooling water flow to about 3 liters/min (0.8 USgpm) for the 3472-50. For the 3473-70 set water flow to about 6 liters/min (1.6 US gpm,). For operation at less than maximum power the water flow may be correspondingly reduced. Note that the inlet water temperature will determine the actual flow rate required. The above specified figures were determined with a water inlet temperature of <18°C.
- 3. Turn on the power supply and increase the current until the desired field is reached.

Calibration

The induction curves may be used to estimate the field in the air gap to within four or five percent. More accurate field determination may be obtained by deriving experimentally a calibration curve for the particular pole and air gap combination being used. Magnetic hysteresis in the yoke and poles can cause an error of 30 to 70G (3 to 7mT) with an arbitrary application of such a calibration curve. This effect may be reduced to less than one percent by following a prescribed 'current setting schedule' designed to make the magnet 'forget' its prior magnetic history. The schedule should of course be used both in establishing the calibration curve and in its subsequent use. A possible schedule would be:

From zero current, increase to maximum current and reduce again to zero current. Increase again to maximum current and reduce to the current to give the desired field setting. Approaching the desired field from a higher setting will typically produce better field uniformity. This is because the field changes at the pole edges will normally lag the field change at the center thereby helping to compensate the radial decrease in field.

Greater precision in setting up the calibration curve will be achieved with the use of a digital gaussmeter and by making a numerical table. This table used with an interpolation routine will eliminate the error associated with reading a graph.

In any event, three points need to be remembered:

- 1. A calibration curve or table is only as good as the precision employed in generating it.
- 2. The field is defined only at the point it is measured. It will generally be different at a different point in the air gap. For example, the induction curves refer to the field on the pole axis and at the center of the air gap (median plane).

Calibration - continued

3. The field is most directly a function of the current in the magnet coils. Voltage across the coils is not a good measure of field since the electrical resistance of the coils depends on the temperature (about 0.4% per degree celsius).

OPERATION

Field Control Operation

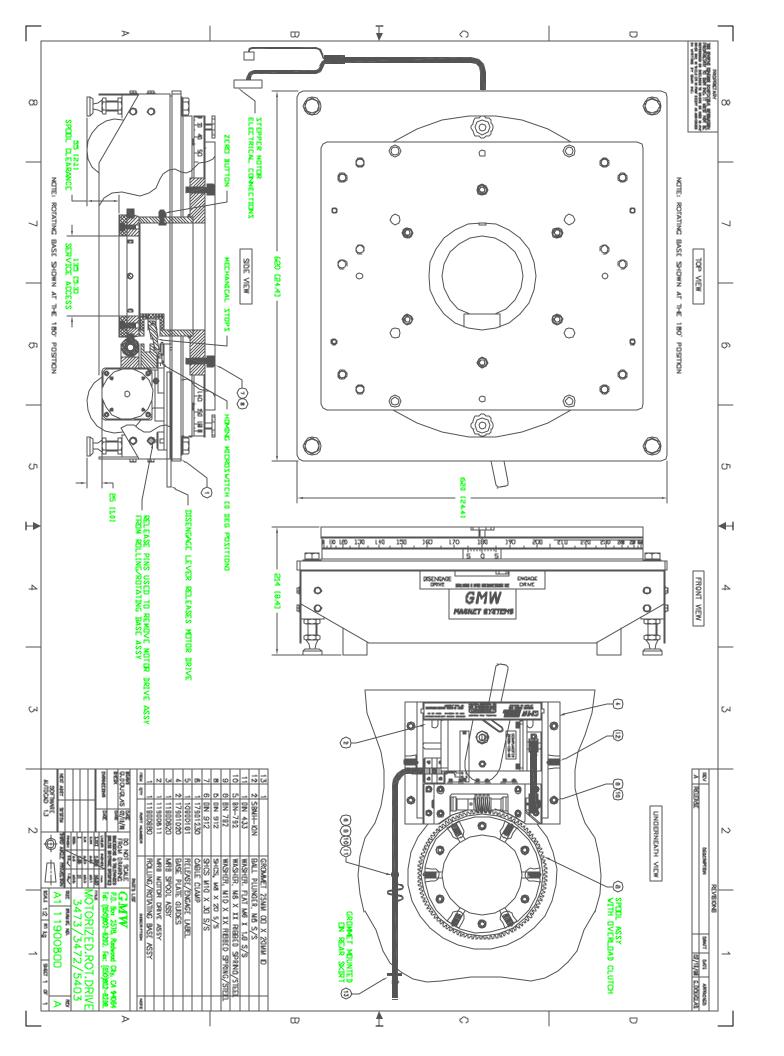
The necessity to use calibration curves can be avoided by using a field controller to sense the magnetic field and provide a corresponding power supply control signal through the power supply programming inputs. Contact GMW for suitable instrumentation.

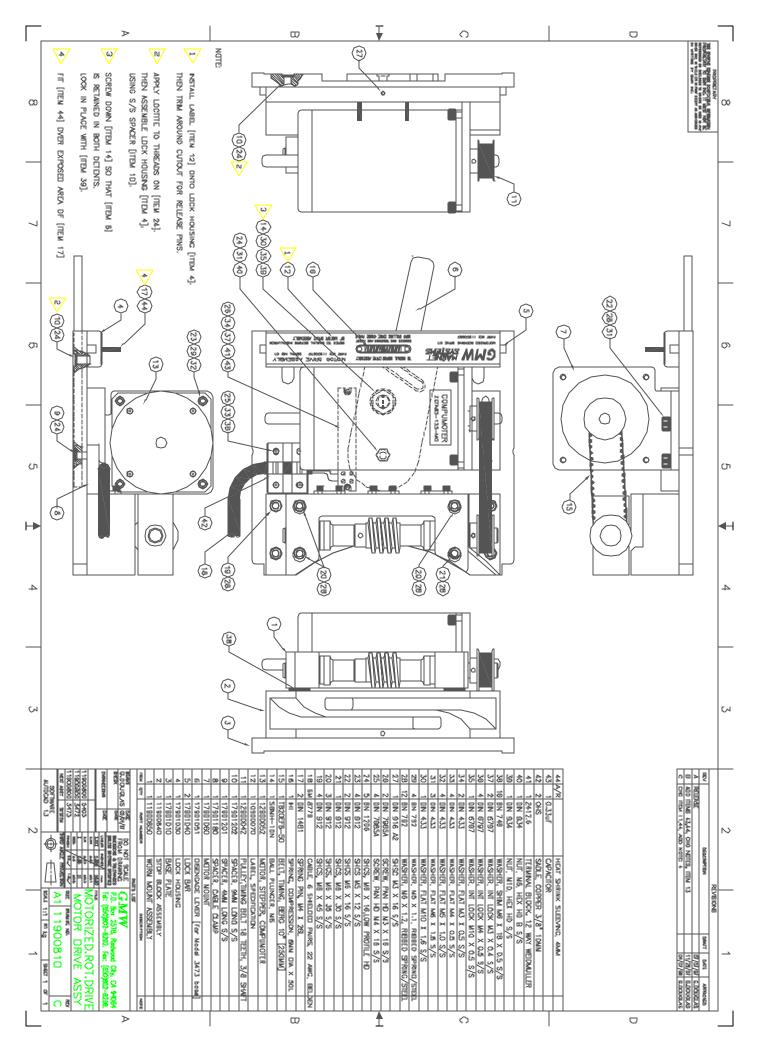
MAINTENANCE

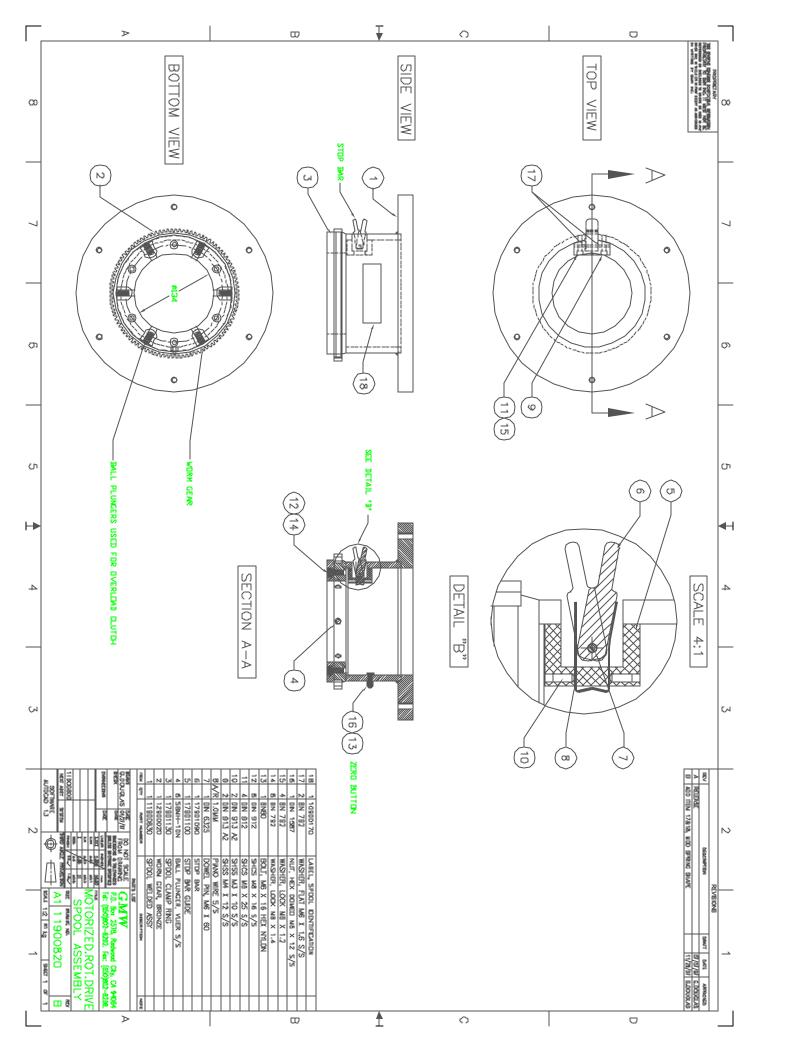
Periodically check that the pole adjustment mechanism is clean, properly lubricated and free of grit and dirt, which may cause binding of the mechanism. Otherwise no particular maintenance is required. Be very careful not to damage the relatively soft pole surface since this may degrade the magnetic field uniformity in the gap.

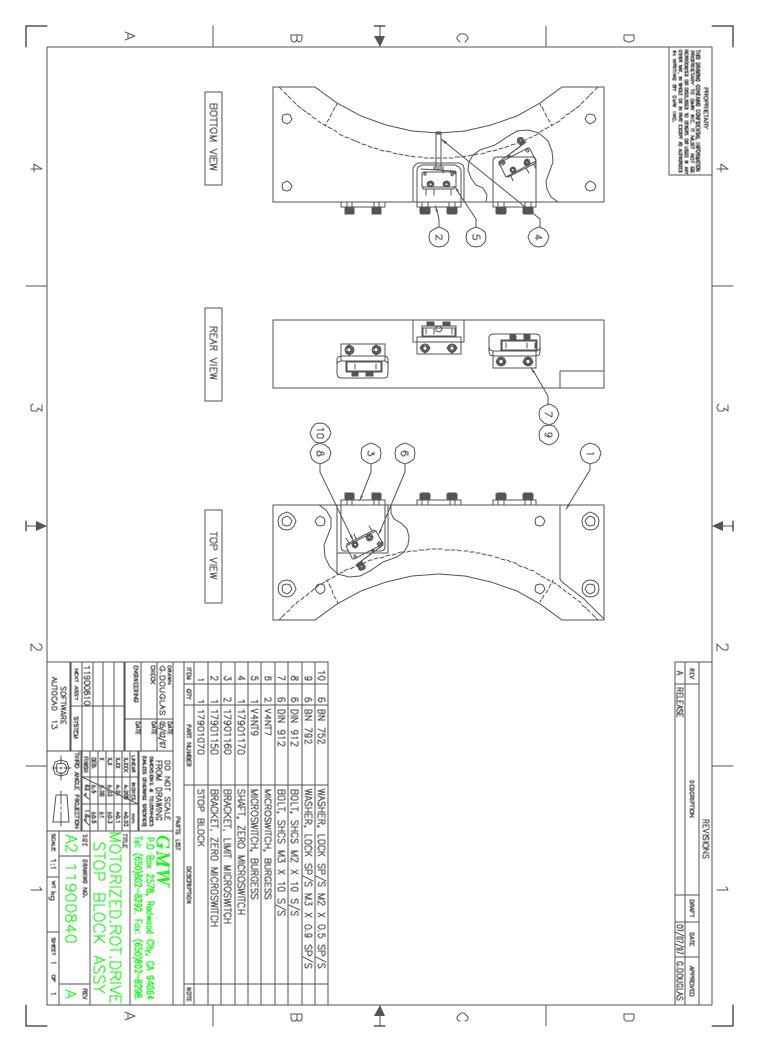
Note that the surface treatments used provide good corrosion protection but in order to maintain the inherent mechanical precision of the magnet, heavy build-up of plating materials is deliberately avoided. As a result, high humidity or otherwise seriously corrosive atmospheres can defeat the protection mechanisms. Check the equipment periodically and use an appropriate corrosion protection when the magnet is stored for an extended period.

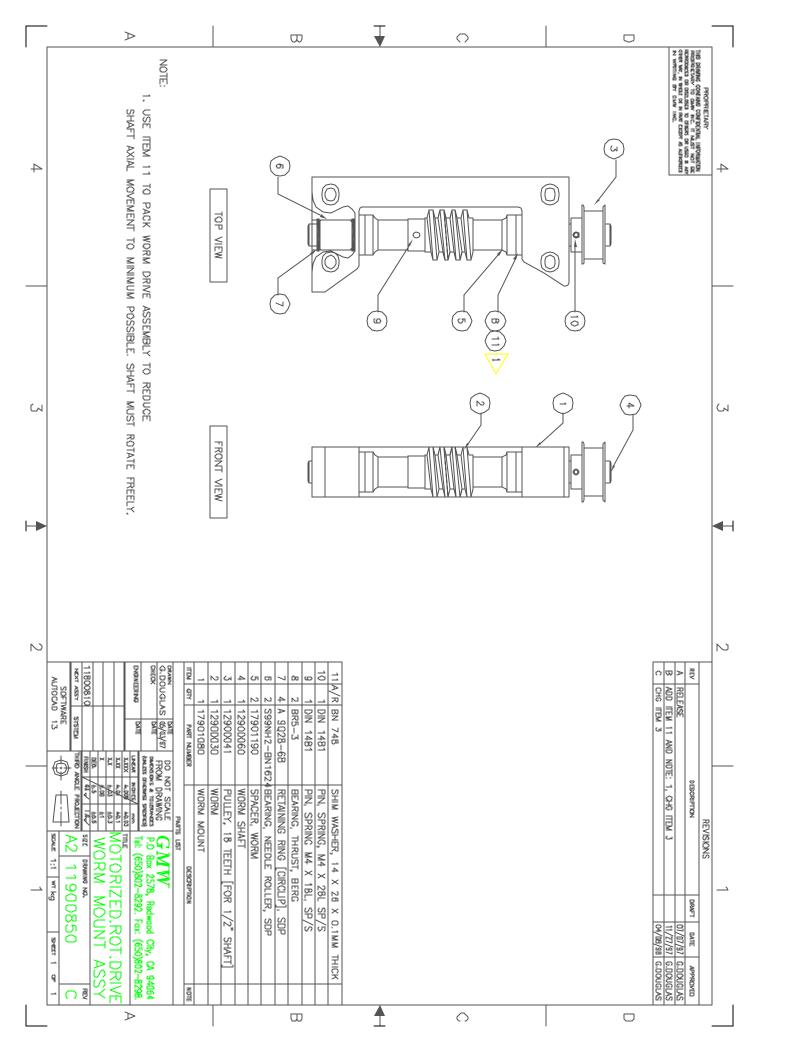
STANDARD OPTIONS

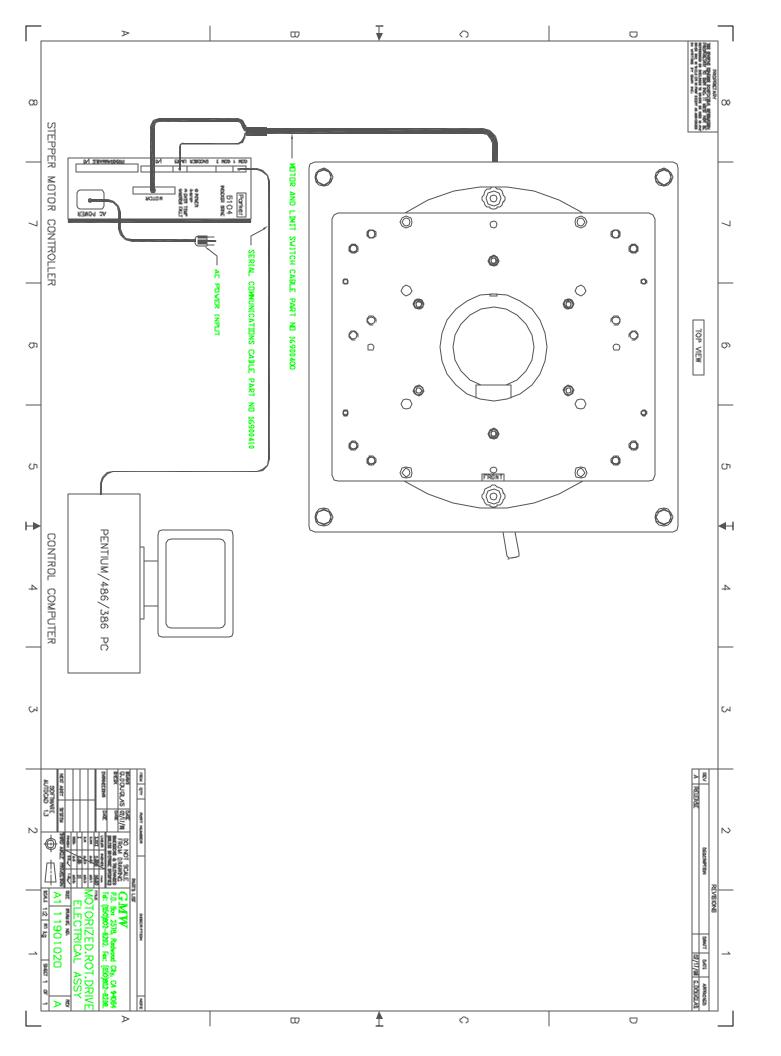


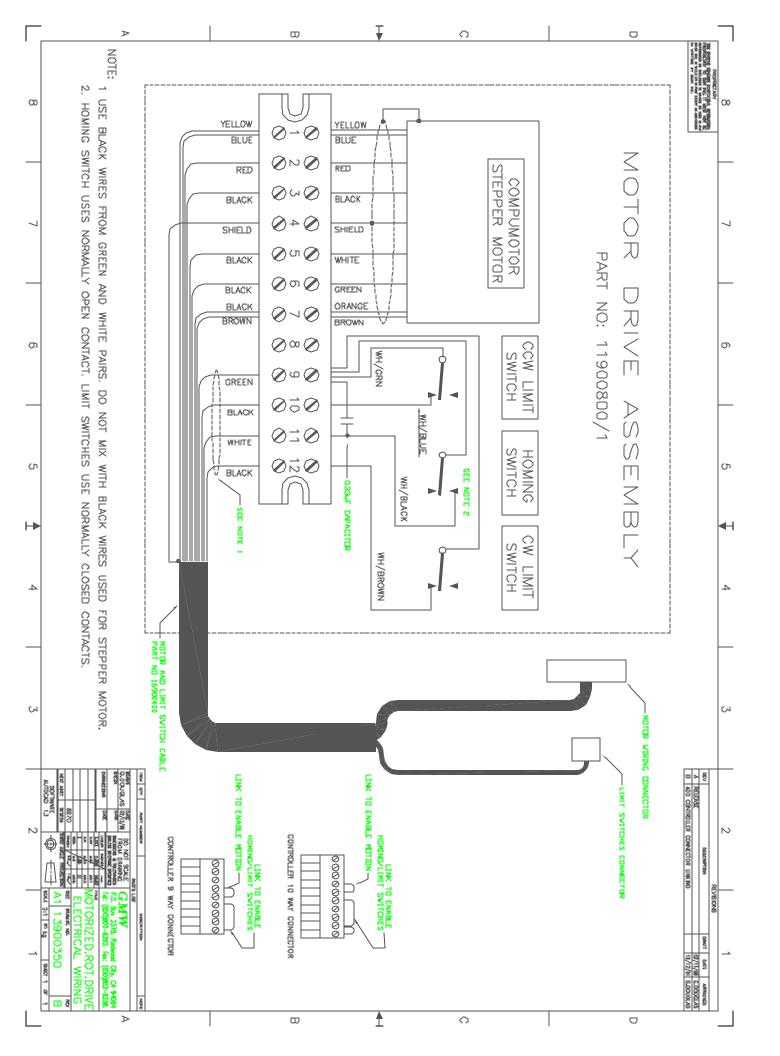


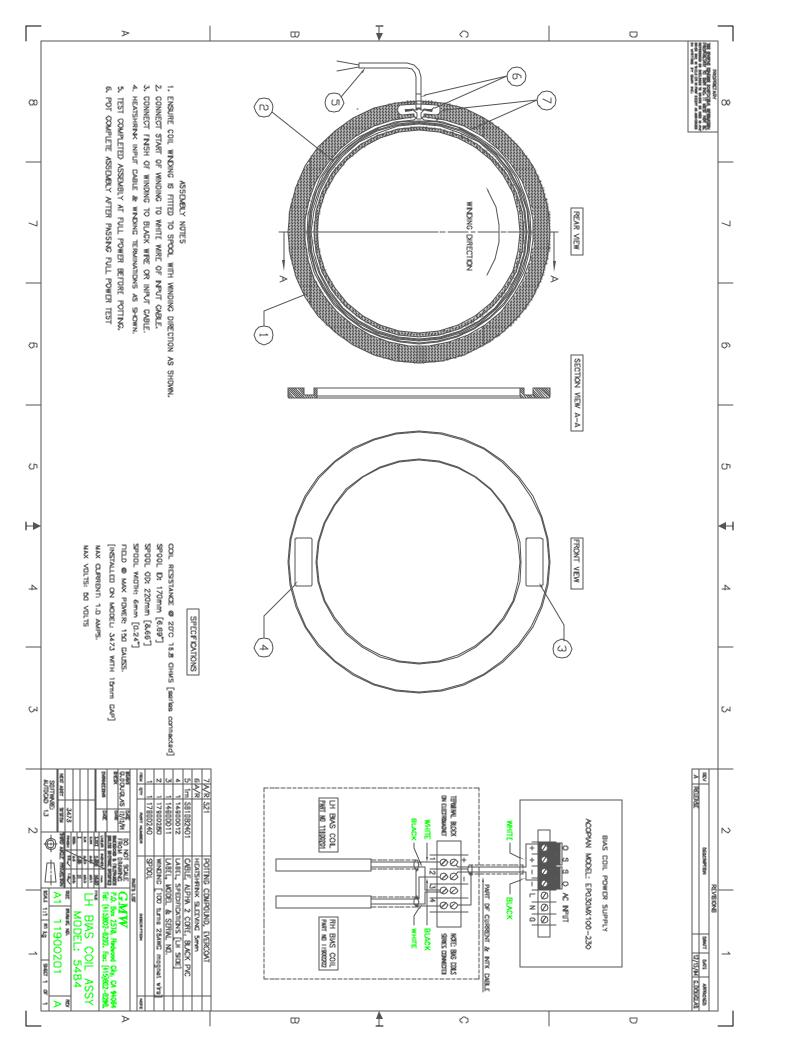


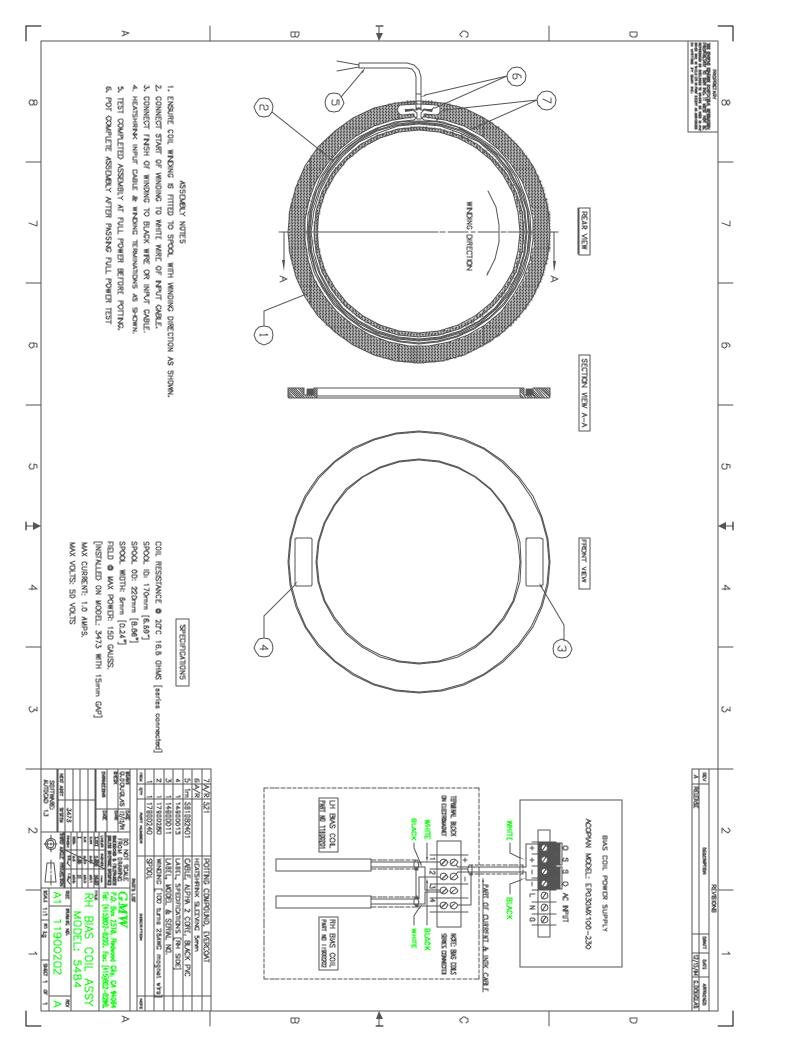


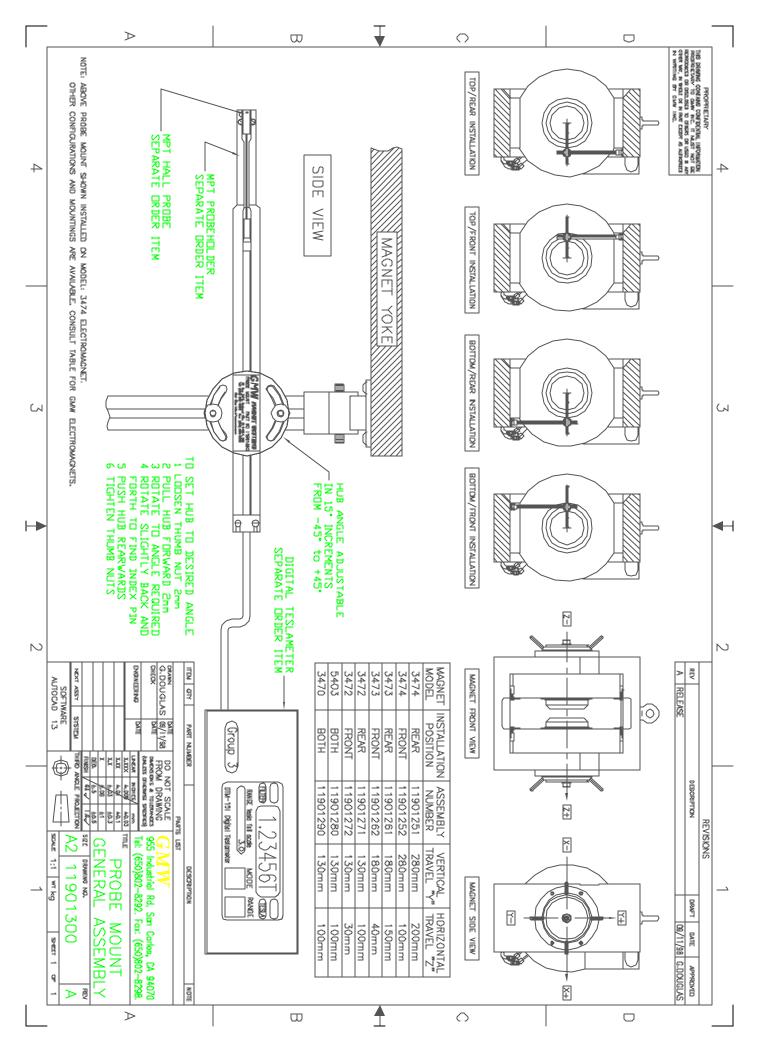


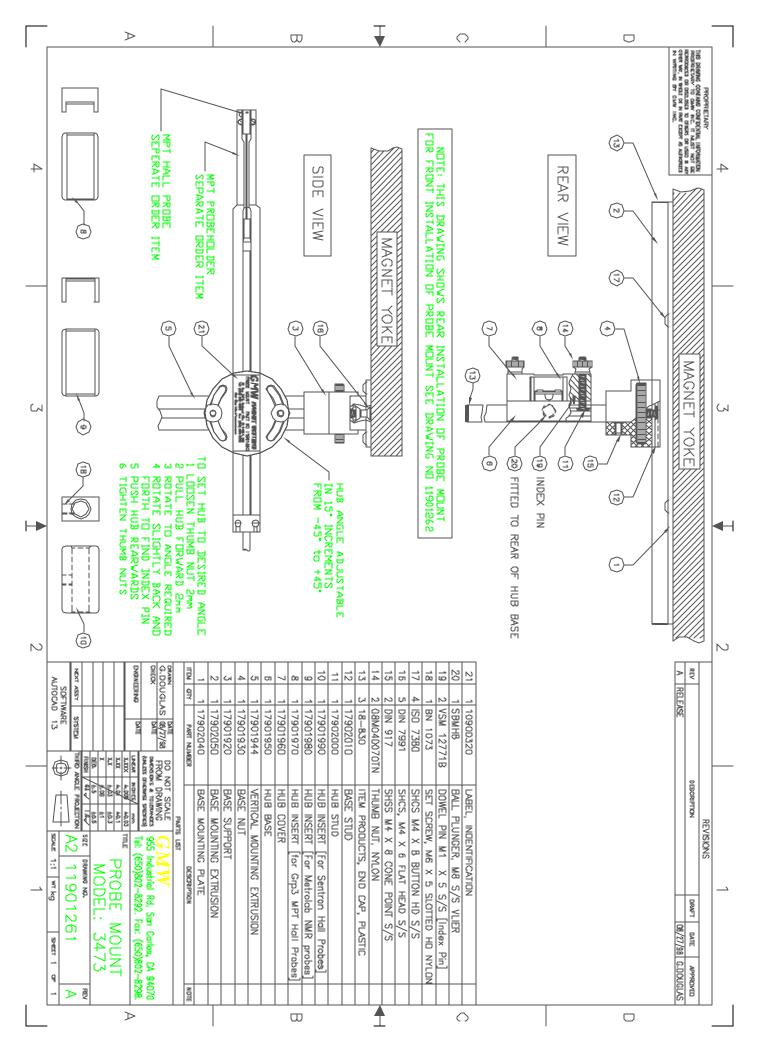


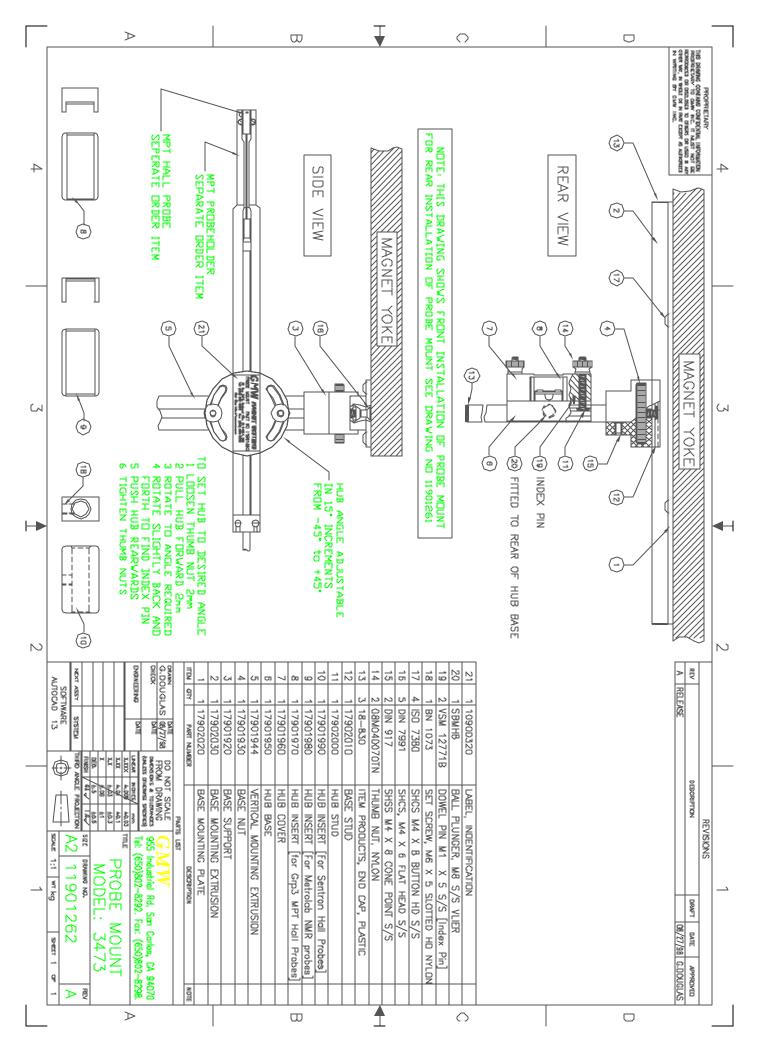












CUSTOM OPTIONS

EXCITATION CURVES

Contract No: Page: 1 of 1 Date: May 05,1994

Customer: Engr: R Yass

Model: 3473-70 Power Supply: D/F 854 100-100 Set Current: 70 Amps

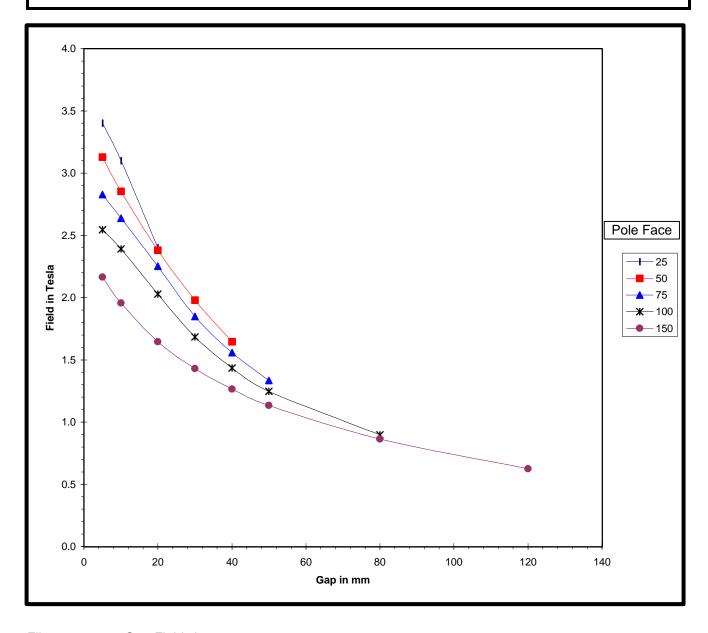
Model: 3473-70 Power Supply: D/F 854 100-100 Set Current: 70 Amps Serial No: 22 Serial No: 9101033 Target Field:

Pole Face: As per table below Position: X=0, Y=0, Z=0 Serial No: None Notes:

Serial No: None Note
Pole Gap: As per table below

None

Pole Spacers:



Filename: 3473 Gap-Field.xls

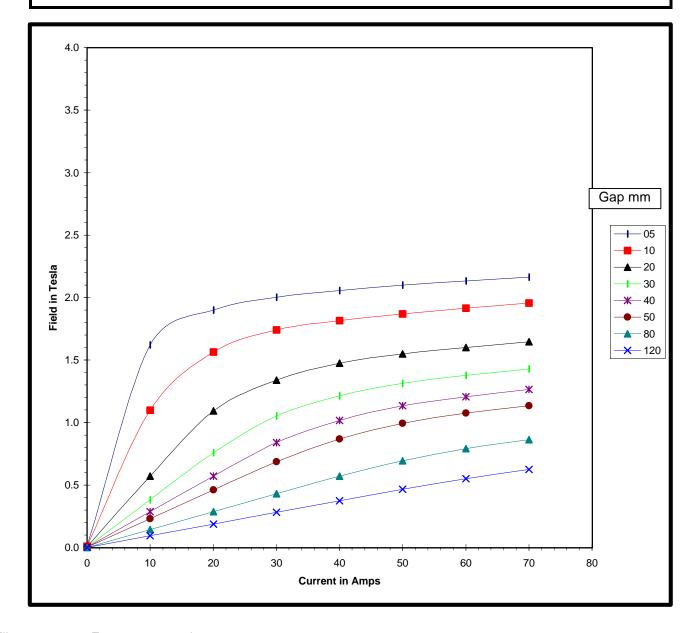
Contract No Page: 1 of 5 Date: May 05, 94 Customer: Engr: R Yass

Model: 3473-70 Power Supply: D/F 854 100-100 Set Current: Serial No: 9101033 Target Field:

Pole Face: 150 Position: X=0, Y=0, Z=0

Serial No: None Notes: Pole Gap: As per table below

Pole Space None



Filename: 3473 Ex 150-05-120.xls

Contract No: Page: 2 of 5 Date: May 05, 94

Customer: Engr: R Yass

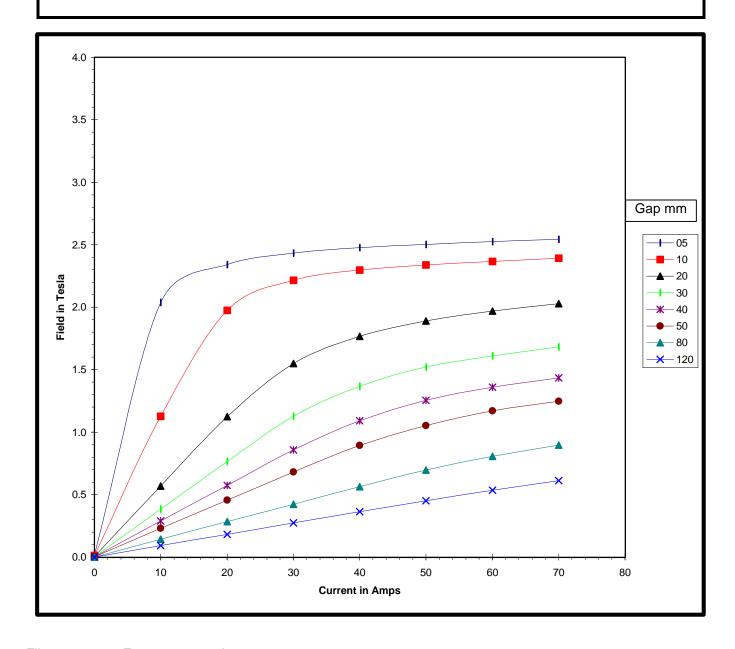
Model: 3473-70 Power Supply: D/F 854 100-100 Set Current: Serial No: 9101033 Target Field:

Pole Face: 100 Position: X=0, Y=0, Z=0

Serial No: None Notes:

Pole Gap: As per table below

Pole Spacers: None



Filename: 3473 Ex 100-05-120.xls

Contract No: Page: 3 of 5 Date: May 05, 94

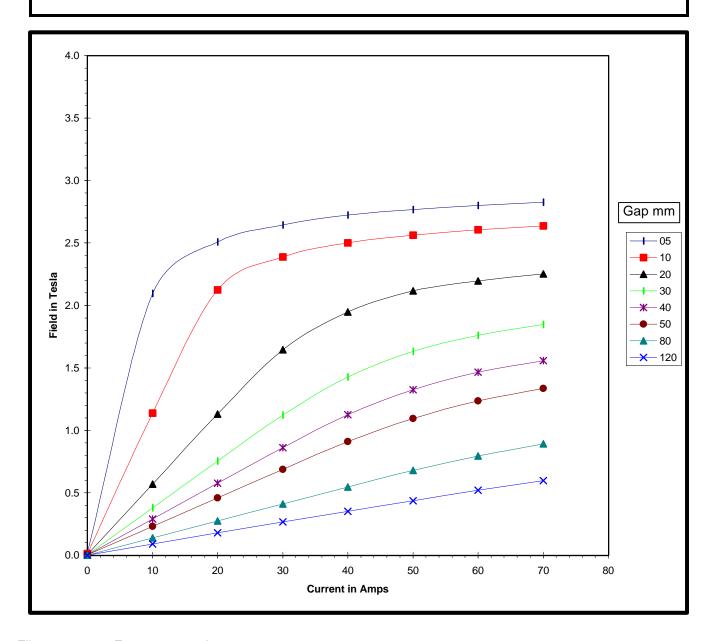
Customer: Engr: R Yass

Model: 3473-70 Power Supply: D/F 854 100-100 Set Current: Serial No: 22 Serial No: 9101033 Target Field:

Pole Face: 75 Position: X=0, Y=0, Z=0

Serial No: None Notes: Pole Gap: As per table below

Pole Spacers: None



Filename: 3473 Ex 75-05-120.xls

Contract No: Page: 4 of 5 Date: May 05, 94

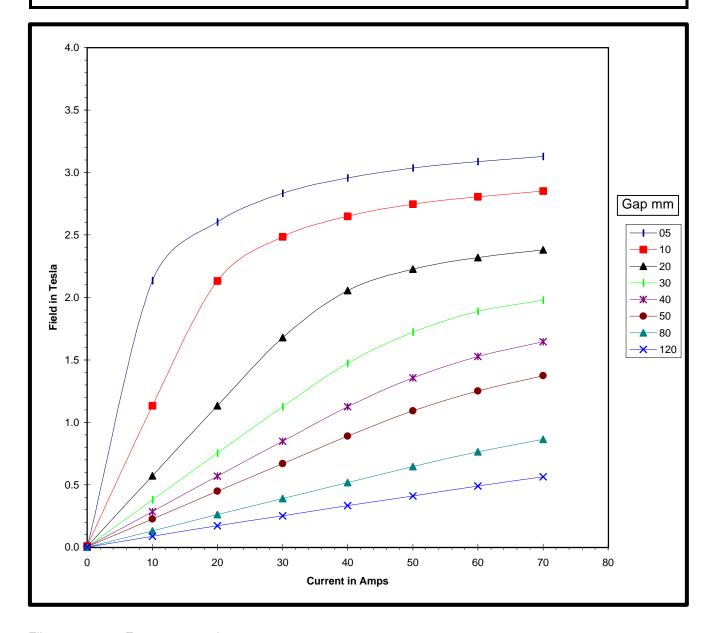
Customer: Engr: R Yass

Model: 3473-70 Power Supply: D/F 854 100-100 Set Current: Serial No: 9101033 Target Field:

Pole Face: 50 Position: X=0, Y=0, Z=0

Serial No: None Notes: Pole Gap: As per table below

Pole Spacers: None



Filename: 3473 Ex 50-05-120.xls

Contract No: Page: 5 of 5 Date: May 05, 94

Customer: Engr: R Yass

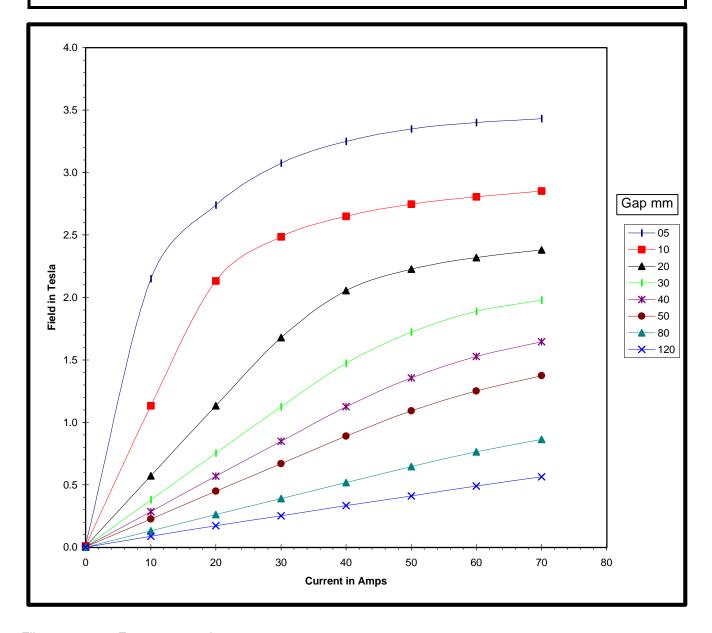
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Pole Face: 25 Position: X=0, Y=0, Z=0

Serial No: None Notes:

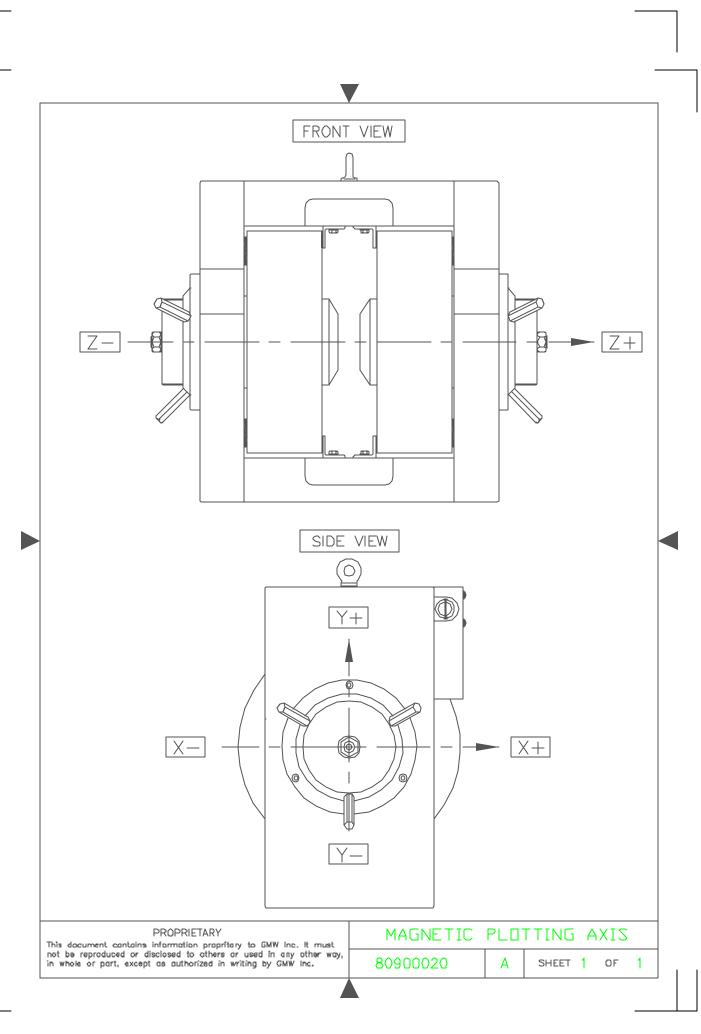
Pole Gap: As per table below

Pole Spacers: None

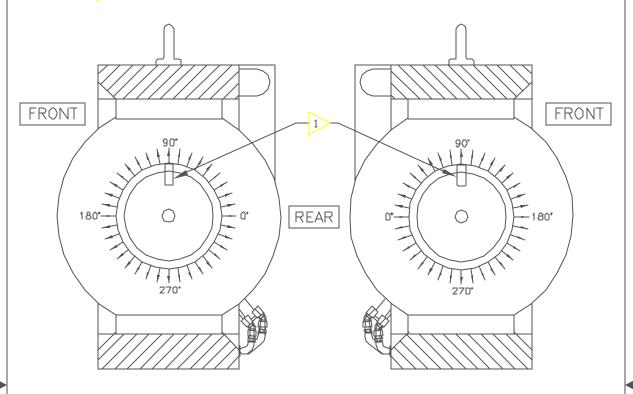


Filename: 3473 Ex 25-05-120.xls

TEST DATA







LH POLE: CAP REMOVED

RH POLE: CAP REMOVED

LH PO	LE SHIM	DETAILS
NUMBER	THICKNESS	POSITION
1	mm	deg
2	mm	deg
3	mm	deg
4	mm	deg

RH PC	LE SHIM	DETAILS
NUMBER	THICKNESS	POSITION
1	mm	deg
2	mm	deg
3	mm	deg
4	mm	deg

MAGNET	MODEL:	

MAGNET SERIAL NO: _____

DATA LOGGED BY:_____

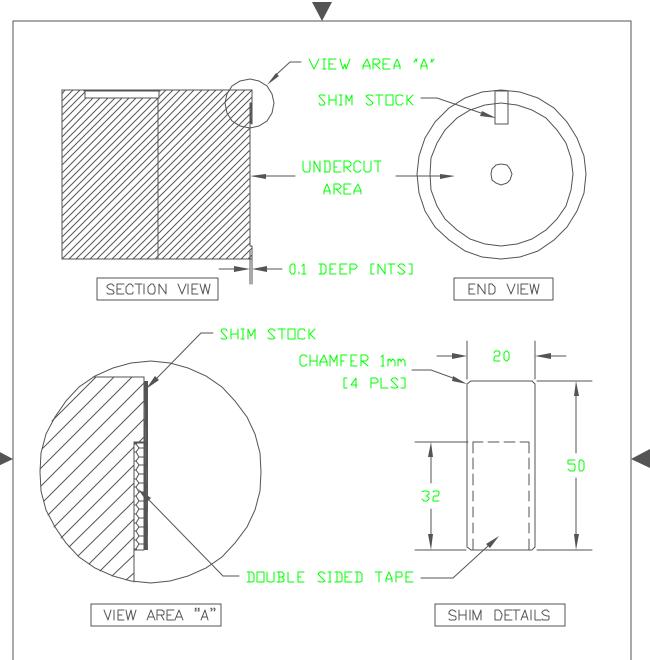
DATA LOGGED DATE:_____

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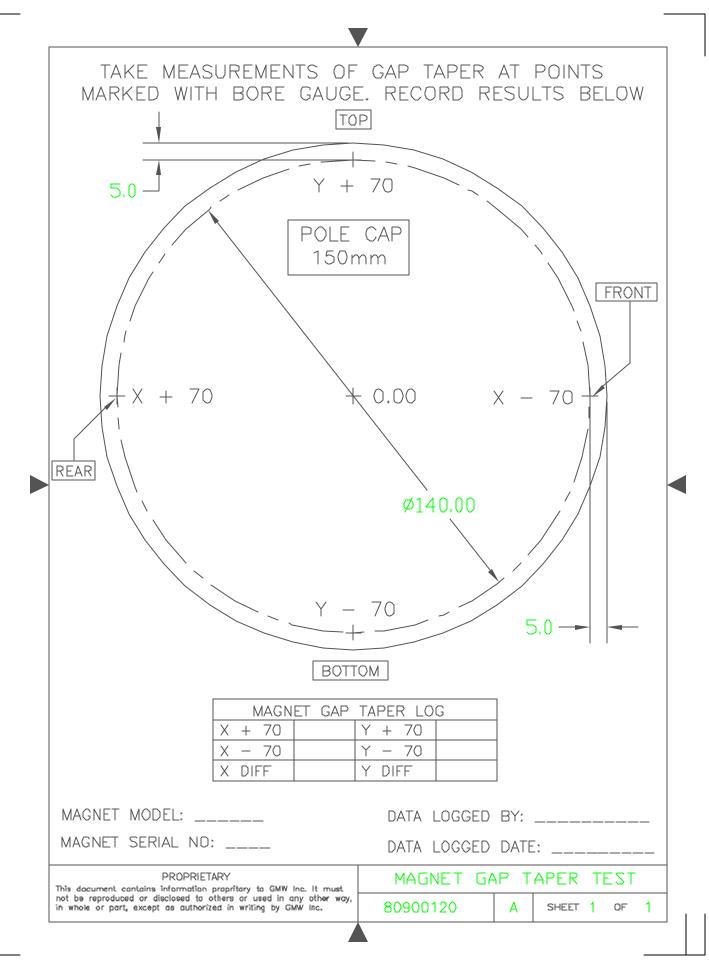
MAGNET FINAL SHIMMING LOG

3474-0001 C SHEET 1 OF 1



- 1. THROUGHLY CLEAN AND DEGREASE AREA WHERE SHIM IS TO BE FITTED.
- 2. CUT SHIM STOCK TO DIMENSIONS SHOWN.
- 3. APPLY DOUBLE SIDED TAPE 0.1mm THICK TO AREA SHOWN.
- 4. FIT SHIM TO POLE FACE, ENSURE TAPE IS KEPT WITHIN UNDERCUT AREA.
- 5. REASSEMBLE POLE CAPS ONTO MAGNET,
- 6. REMAP MAGNET, IF RESULTS WITHIN SPECIFICATION THEN GO TO ITEM 7. IF OUTSIDE SPECIFICATION ADJUST SHIMS, REMAP THEN GO TO ITEM 7.
- 7. FILL IN SHIMMING DETAILS ON SHEET NO 3474-0001.

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not be reproduced or disclosed to others or used in any other way, in whole or part, except as authorized in writing by GMW Inc.	3474-0002	Α	SHEET 1	OF	1	



 Model
 3473
 Pole Face 150 mm
 Engr Greg Douglas

 Serial No
 16
 Pole Gap 19 mm
 Date Oct 13, 1992

 Coil Set
 70A Sn 1469&1470
 Pole Shims 0.004 fitted
 NMR Signal -650mV

Power Supply

8.2 Amps

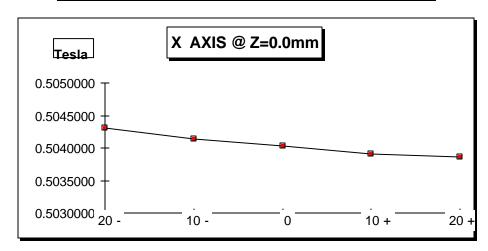
082000 ADC

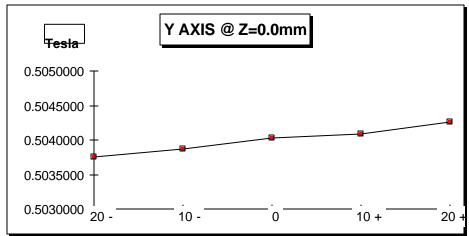
8.2 % Current

Start Time 14:45 Start Field 0.5040260

Finish Time 15:10 Finish Field 0.5039170

	Plot $Z = 0.0$						
Υ			X (mm)				
	20 -	20 - 10 - 0 10 + 20 +					
20 +	0.5040740	0.5039130	0.5037570	0.5036130	0.5035000		
10 +	0.5041710	0.5040060	0.5038690	0.5037510	0.5036590		
0	0.5043060	0.5041440	0.5040260	0.5039060	0.5038550		
10 -	0.5043640	0.5042140	0.5040870	0.5039990	0.5039630		
20 -	0.5045000	0.5043600	0.5042610	0.5041920	0.5041540		





 Model
 3473
 Pole Face 150 mm
 Engr Greg Douglas

 Serial No
 16
 Pole Gap 19 mm
 Date Oct 13, 1992

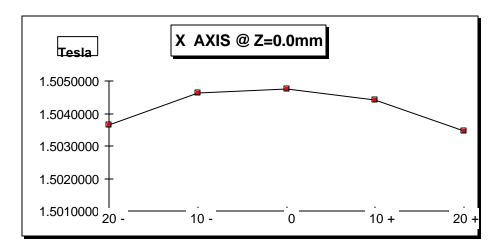
 Coil Set
 70A Sn 1469&1470
 Pole Shims 0.004 fitted
 NMR Signal -200mV

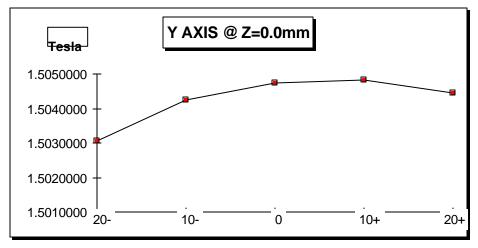
Power Supply 37.9 Amps 3796000 ADC 37.9 % Current

Start Time 11:35 Start Field 1.5047420

Finish Time 12:15 Finish Field 1.5046450

	Plot $Z = 0.0$						
Υ			X (mm)				
	20 -	20 - 10 - 0 10 + 20 +					
20 +	n/s	n/s	1.5030600	1.5024200	n/s		
10 +	1.5030500	1.5037000	1.5042400	1.5034500	n/s		
0	1.5036400	1.5046300	1.5047420	1.5044000	1.5034600		
10 -	1.5034100	1.5046500	1.5048250	1.5045230	1.5035300		
20 -	n/s	1.5041300	1.5044600	1.5041000	n/s		





 Model
 3473
 Pole Face 150 mm
 Engr Greg Douglas

 Serial No
 16
 Pole Gap 19 mm
 Date Oct 13, 1992

 Coil Set
 70A Sn 1469&1470
 Pole Shims 0.004 fitted
 NMR Signal -650mV

Power Supply

8.2 Amps

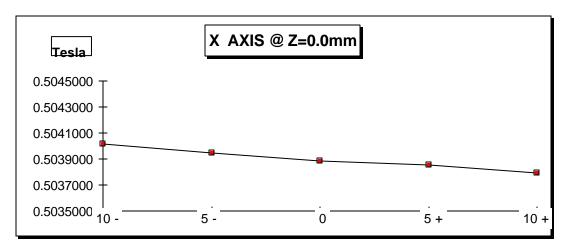
082000 ADC

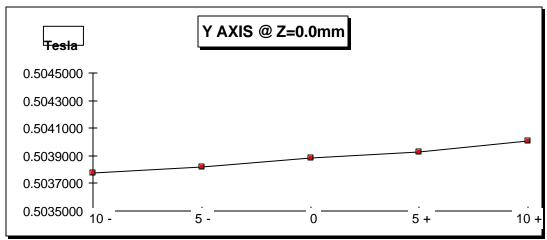
8.2 % Current

Start Time 15:15 Start Field 0.5038870

Finish Time 15:35 Finish Field 0.5038540

Plot $Z = 0.0$							
Υ			X (mm)				
	10 -	10 - 5 - 0 5 + 10 +					
10 +	0.5039080	0.5038400	0.5037730	0.5037140	0.5036580		
5 +	0.5039570	0.5038830	0.5038210	0.5037690	0.5037290		
0	0.5040180	0.5039480	0.5038870	0.5038500	0.5037930		
5 -	0.5040550	0.5039880	0.5039280	0.5038780	0.5038470		
10 -	0.5041240	0.5040650	0.5040050	0.5039560	0.5039190		





Model3473Pole Face 150 mmEngr Greg DouglasSerial No16Pole Gap 19 mmDate Oct 13, 1992Coil Set70A Sn 1469&1470Pole Shims noneNMR Signal -450mV

Power Supply

8.2 Amps

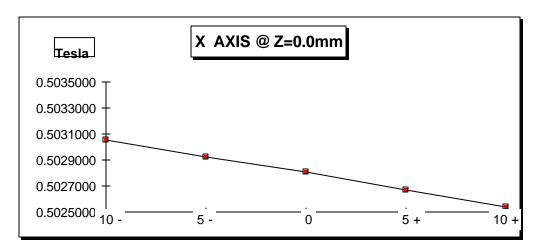
082000 ADC

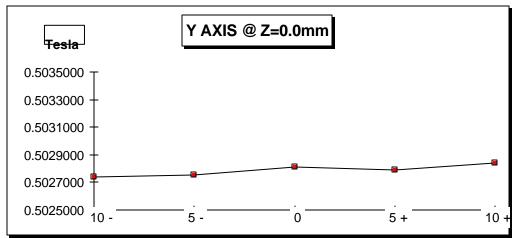
8.2 % Current

Start Time 15:50 Start Field 0.5028100

Finish Time 16:05 Finish Field 0.5027600

	Plot $Z = 0.0$						
Υ			X (mm)				
	10 -	10 - 5 - 0 5 + 10 +					
10 +	0.5029950	0.5028690	0.5027380	0.5026100	0.5024780		
5 +	0.5030140	0.5028780	0.5027500	0.5026260	0.5025150		
0	0.5030570	0.5029260	0.5028100	0.5026690	0.5025420		
5 -	0.5030580	0.5029230	0.5027930	0.5026640	0.5025500		
10 -	0.5030950	0.5029740	0.5028420	0.5027110	0.5025840		





 Model
 3473
 Pole Face 150 mm
 Engr Greg Douglas

 Serial No
 16
 Pole Gap 19 mm
 Date Oct 16, 1992

 Coil Set
 50A Sn 654 & 655
 Pole Shims none
 NMR Signal -400mV

Power Supply

8.3 Amps

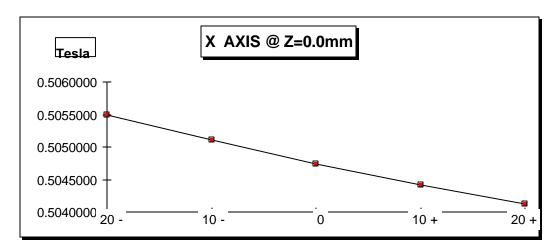
083000 ADC

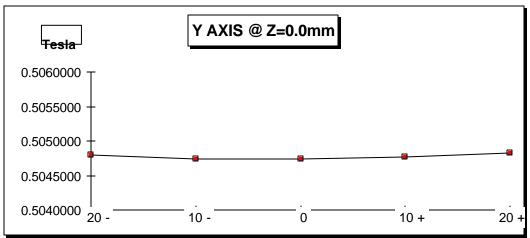
8.3% Current

Start Time 13:30 Start Field 0.5047420

Finish Time 13:55 Finish Field 0.5047240

Plot $Z = 0.0$							
Υ			X (mm)				
	20 -	20 - 10 - 0 10 + 20 +					
20 +	0.5055160	0.5051560	0.5048040	0.5044870	0.5041900		
10 +	0.5054800	0.5050930	0.5047410	0.5044160	0.5041430		
0	0.5054890	0.5051020	0.5047420	0.5044200	0.5041160		
10 -	0.5055200	0.5051300	0.5047730	0.5044360	0.5041290		
20 -	0.5055450	0.5051880	0.5048200	0.5044670	0.5041300		





Model3473Pole Face 150 mmEngr Greg DouglasSerial No16Pole Gap 100 mmDate Oct 15, 1992Coil Set50A Sn 654 & 655Pole Shims noneMapped with DTM-141

Power Supply

48.1 Amps

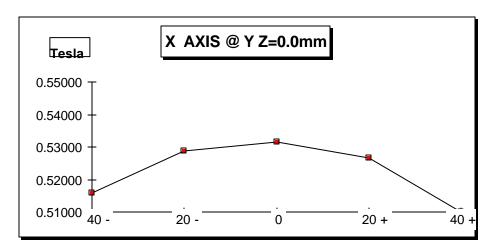
481300 ADC

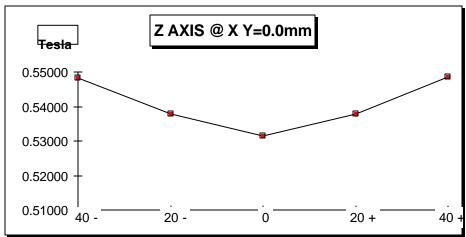
48 % Current

Start Time 15:05 Start Field 0.53155

Finish Time 16:20 Finish Field 0.53155

	Plot $Y = 0.0$						
Z			X (mm)				
	40 -	40 - 20 - 0 20 + 40 +					
40 +			0.54814				
20 +			0.53776				
0	0.51588	0.52867	0.53155	0.52671	0.51005		
20 - 40 -			0.53797				
40 -			0.54859				





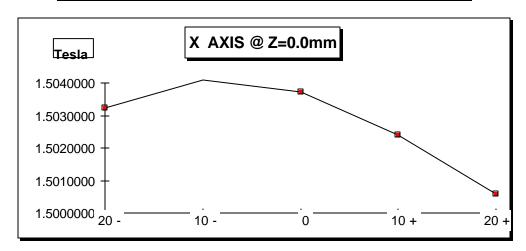
Model3473Pole Face 150 mmEngr Greg DouglasSerial No16Pole Gap 19 mmDate Oct 11, 1992Coil Set70A Sn 1469 & 1470Pole Shims noneNMR Signal -120mV

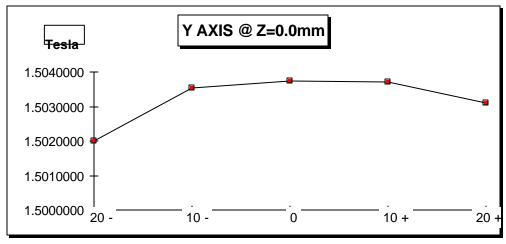
Power Supply 37.9 Amps 3796000 ADC 37.9 % Current

Start Time 17:50 Start Field 1.5037360

Finish Time 18:25 Finish Field 1.5037850

Plot $Z = 0.0$						
Υ			X (mm)			
	20 -	20 - 10 - 0 10 + 20 +				
20 +	N/S	1.5025020	1.5019890	1.5008900	N/S	
10 +	1.5031490	1.5037200	1.5035380	1.5024180	1.5002480	
0	1.5032360	1.5040800	1.5037360	1.5024040	1.5005940	
10 -	1.5038260	1.5040260	1.5036990	1.5026320	1.5010500	
20 -	1.5028900	1.5031800	1.5031150	1.5019500	1.5007600	





Model3473Pole Face 150 mmEngr Greg DouglasSerial No16Pole Gap 19 mmDate Oct 11, 1992Coil Set70A Sn 1469 & 1470Pole Shims noneNMR Signal -450mV

Power Supply

8.2 Amps

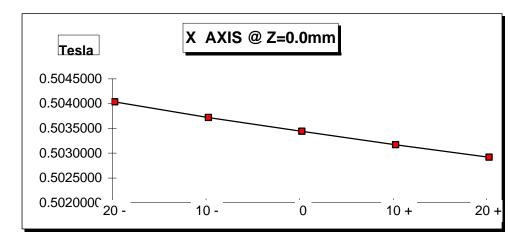
082000 ADC

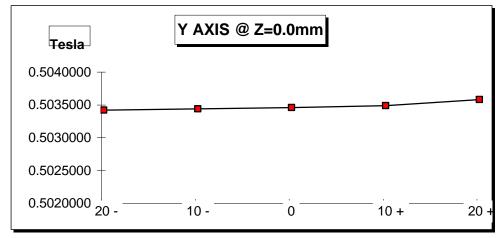
8.2 % Current

Start Time 17:10 Start Field 0.5033240

Finish Time 17:35 Finish Field 0.5033110

	Plot $Z = 0.0$						
Υ			X (mm)				
	20 -	20 - 10 - 0 10 + 20 +					
20 +	0.5038730	0.5035830	0.5032830	0.5029760	0.5026760		
10 +	0.5038790	0.5035740	0.5033020	0.5030210	0.5027390		
0					0.5028040		
10 -					0.5028490		
20 -	0.5040320	0.5037320	0.5034460	0.5031790	0.5029250		





Doc no: SC7819AA.447

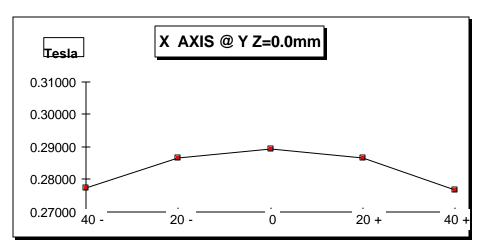
Model3473Pole Face 150 mmEngr Greg DouglasSerial No18Pole Gap 130 mmDate Oct 22, 1992Coil Set50A Sn 1989 & 1988Pole Shims noneMapped with DTM-141

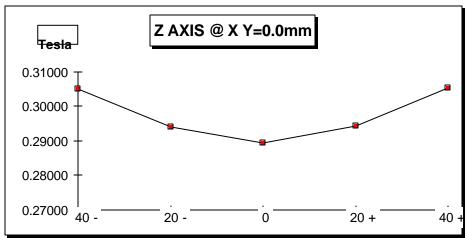
Power Supply 34.0 Amps 340546 ADC 34 % Current

Start Time 19:45 Start Field 0.28940

Finish Time 21:15 Finish Field 0.28940

			Plot $Y = 0$.	0	
Z			X (mm)		
	40 -	20 -	0	20 +	40 +
40 +	0.30815	0.30590	0.30498	0.30585	0.30864
20 +	0.28558	0.29238	0.29404	0.29223	0.28569
0	0.27730	0.28666	0.28940	0.28662	0.27683
20 -	0.28667	0.29304	0.29436	0.29259	0.28598
40 -	0.30934	0.30633	0.30541	0.30644	0.30918





Model3473Pole Face 150 mmEngr Greg DouglasSerial No18Pole Gap 19 mmDate Oct 22, 1992Coil Set50A Sn 1989 & 1988Pole Shims noneNMR Signal -580mV

Power Supply

8.3 Amps

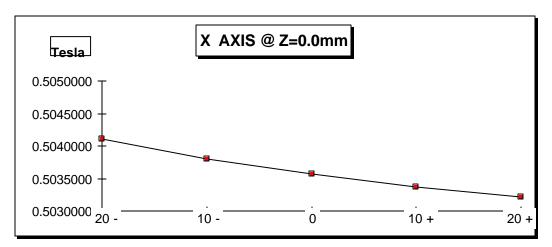
083000 ADC

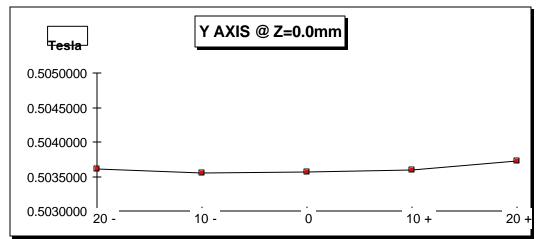
8.3% Current

Start Time 20:50 Start Field 0.5035620

Finish Time 21:15 Finish Field 0.5035460

			Plot $Z = 0.0$		
Υ			X (mm)		
	20 -	10 -	0	10 +	20 +
20 +	0.5041230	0.5038590	0.5036100	0.5034100	0.5032640
10 +	0.5040940	0.5037800	0.5035480	0.5033540	0.5032270
0	0.5041090	0.5038000	0.5035620	0.5033640	0.5032230
10 -	0.5041470	0.5038500	0.5036000	0.5034120	0.5032600
20 -	0.5042370	0.5039750	0.5037280	0.5035320	0.5033600





Section 10

DRAWINGS

SERIES 3450/3450R/3455R/3455RBV 15 AMP THERMOSTATS

Typical Applications:

Power Supplies

Communication Equipment

Medical Equiopment

Computers (Where High AMP Loads are Present)



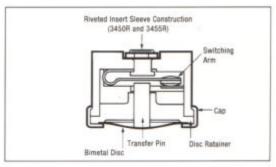
The Series 3450/3455R is a snap-acting, nonadjustable precision thermostat especially suited for industrial and electrical equipment.

The 3450 (.390" or 10mm overall) is ideal for applications that require precision control of high electric loads to 8 Amp resistive.

The 3450R and 3455R have a patented metal insert rivet construction.

The 3455R (.484" or 12.5mm) overall, has higher spacing as required by European approval agencies. Model 3455RBV is an epoxy overmold version of the 3455R, specifically designed for electrical insulation or protection in a high humidity environment. Consult factory for performance qualifications.

To insure that a safe combination of thermostat and application is achieved, the purchaser must determine product suitability for their individual requirements.



*Series 3450/3450R/3455R/3455RBV

MODEL.	BLECTRIC LIFE CYCLES	120 VAC	240 VAC	277VA0
3450	100,000	8.QA	-	
3450R/	100,000	15A	8.3A	7.2A
3455R	100,000	4.4FLA 26.4LFA	22FLA 13.2LFA	
	6,000	58FLA348LFA	29FLA 17.4LFA	+
3455RBV	100,000	15A	8.3A	-
	6,000	5.8A 34.8LRA	2.9A 17.4LRA	-

A: Amps

FLA: Full Load Amps

LRA: Locked Rotor Amps

Contacts are available for millivolt and milliamp applications.

*Includes UL and CSA ratings

Consult Elmwood Sensors for additional ratings.

Key Features:

- · Electric Rating to 15 Amp 120 VAC Resistive
- Environmental Exposure 0° to 350°F (-18° to 177°C)
- UL recognized and CSA certified and European Approved
- · Single-Pole, Single-Throw (SPST)
- · Pre-set and Tamperproof
- Variety of Mounting Brackets and Terminals Available

Standard Temperature Characteristics

Temperature Range The tightest specification deter- mines the group		Allov ± at	vable" mean erature oints			ential al degrees en opening	Group*
	O _I ±°F	pen ±°C		ose ±°C	°F	°C	
32° to 79°F 0° to 25°C	5 5 5	2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8	8 7 6 6	4.4 3.9 3.3 3.3	30-50 25-29 20-24 15-19	16-28 14-16 11-13 8-11	 /
80° to 200°F 25° to 95°C	5 5 6	2.8 2.8 2.8 2.2	8 7 6 5	4.4 3.9 3.3 2.8	30-50 25-29 20-24 15-19	16-28 14-16 11-14 8-11	 V
201 to 250°F 96° to 120°C	6 6 6	4.4 3.9 3.3 2.8	8 7 6	4.4 3.9 3.3 2.8	30-50 25-29 20-24 15-19	16-28 14-16 11-14 8-11	II III IV
251 to 302°F 121.7° to 148.9°C	7 7 7 6	3.9 3.9 3.9 3.3	8 7 7 7	4.4 3.9 3.9 3.9	30-50 30-50 20-29 15-19	16-28 16-28 11-16 8-11	 V

^{*}Grouped according to level of accuracy required. Group I with greatest latitude is less expensive than Group II, etc. Please consult factory for temperature ranges, tolerances and differentials not noted. The operating temperature ranges include tolerances.

See Section B of the Terminal and Bracket Guide for dimensional characteristics.

Operating Parameters

Dielectric Strength	MII-STD-202 Method 301 -2000 VAC 60 Hz -
	Terminal to Case
Insulation Resistance	Mil-STD-202 Method 302 Cond. B - 500 Megohms -
	500 Volts DC applied
Environmental Exposure	0° to 350°F (-18° to 177°C)
Operating Temp. Range	32° to 302°F (0° to 150°C)
Contact Resistance	Mil-STD-202, Method 307 - 50 Millohms
Marking	Mil-STD-1285
Weight	6 Grams (Brackets and wire leads not included)
Materials	Base: Phelonic
	Terminals: Plated Brass or Steel
	Closure: Aluminum, Stainless Steel, or Brass
	Brackets: Aluminum, Stainless Steel, or Brass
	Contacts: Silver

UL and CSA Listings

UL and CSA Listings are for use in equipment where the acceptability of the combination of the thermostat and equipment is determined by Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. and/or the Canadian Standards Association.

UL File E36103, Ul, File SA4469 (3455RBV only), UL File MH8267 (3455R only), CSA File 21048.

reases consult actory for temperature ranges, tolerances and differentials not noted. The operating temperature ranges include tolerances.

The ± tolerances shown have been established after careful review of many thermostat applications. Attempts should be made to establish the widest acceptable tolerance possible. For example, the chart may list a tolerance of ±5° F (±2.8° C); however, ±6° F (±3.3° C) may be acceptable for the application at reduced cost.

Note: Temperature checking methods may be slightly different, and allowance for a 1.8° F (1° C) variance should be considered.

FS-927 Series – Small Design For Tight Instrumentation Packages

Flow Rate Settings: 0.10 GPM to 1.50 GPM

Port Size: 1/4" NPT

Primary Construction Material: Brass

Setting Type: Fixed

Measuring only 1"x 2-3/4," these compact switches are ideal for use where space is at a premium. Designed for use with water and oil, these switches are suitable for high volume OEM applications. They are ideal for coolant or lubricant flow monitoring in portable equipment and many other applications with space constraints.

Specifications

Wetted Materials			
Housing and Piston	Brass		
Spring	316 Stainless Steel		
Other Wetted Parts	Stainless Steel		
Operating Pressure, Maximum	1000 PSIG		
Operating Temperature	$-20^{\circ}\text{F to} + 225^{\circ}\text{F } [-29^{\circ}\text{C to} + 107^{\circ}\text{C}]$		
Set Point Accuracy	±15% Maximum		
Set Point Differential	20% Maximum		
Switch*	SPST, 20 VA		
Inlet/Outlet Ports	1/4" NPT		
Electrical Termination	No. 18 AWG, 24" L., Polymeric Lead Wires		

[&]quot;See "Electrical Data" on Page 3 for more information.

How to Order - Standard Models

Specify Part Number based on flow setting and switch operation.

Liquids other than water: Special calibration is available from GEMS for media other than water. Please consult factory with your requirements, including flow media, operating pressure, flow set point and liquid viscosity (SSU).

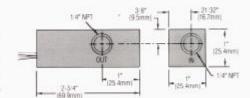
Flow Setting GPM	Part Numbers				
	Normally Open @ No Flow	Normally Closed @ No Flow			
0.10	70820	70826			
0.25	70821	70827			
0.50	70822	70828			
0.75	70823	70829			
1.00	70824	70830			
1.50	70825	70831			

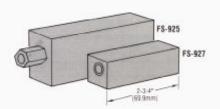
Notes

- Flow settings are calibrated using water @ +70°F on increasing flow, with units in a vertical position (lead wires up).
- 2. Care should be taken by specifiers to ensure fluid compatibility with the above listed wetted materials.
- Use of 50 micron filtration is recommended.



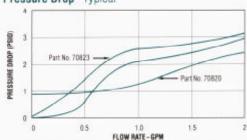
Dimensions





An FS-927 unit is shown silhouetted against the already small FS-925 unit. It illustrates just how little space is required to provide protection to your valuable OEM equipment.

Pressure Drop - Typical



Tests conducted with units in a vertical position flead wires upi, with water at +70°F.

